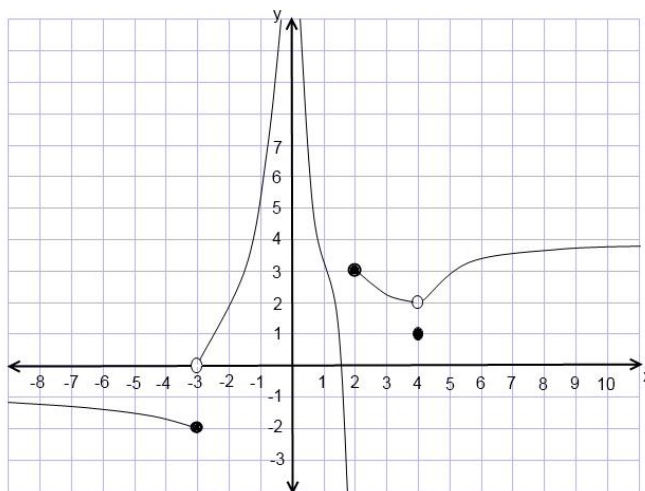


NAME AND ID: \_\_\_\_\_

MATH 101 QUIZ #1 :

1. The graph of  $f$  is given.

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x)$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} f(x)$

(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x)$

(d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x)$

(e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$

(f)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x)$

(g) State the equations of vertical asymptotes.

2. Evaluate the limit, if it exists:

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{x}{2} + \frac{2}{x}}{2+x}$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{x^2-9}{[x+3]}$

(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{2-\sqrt{7x-10}}{x-2}$

(d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (4 + x + x^2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{x}))$

(e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x - 1}$

3. Find the following limits:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} h(x)$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} h(x)$ , where  $h(x) = \begin{cases} x + 9 & \text{if } x < -3 \\ -2x & \text{if } |x| \leq 3 \\ -6 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$

4. Prove that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^4 \cos \frac{2}{x}) = 0$ .

5. Prove the statement using the  $\varepsilon, \delta$  definition of limit.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -5} (4 - \frac{3x}{5}) = 7$

6. If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x)-8}{x-1} = 10$ , find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ .