

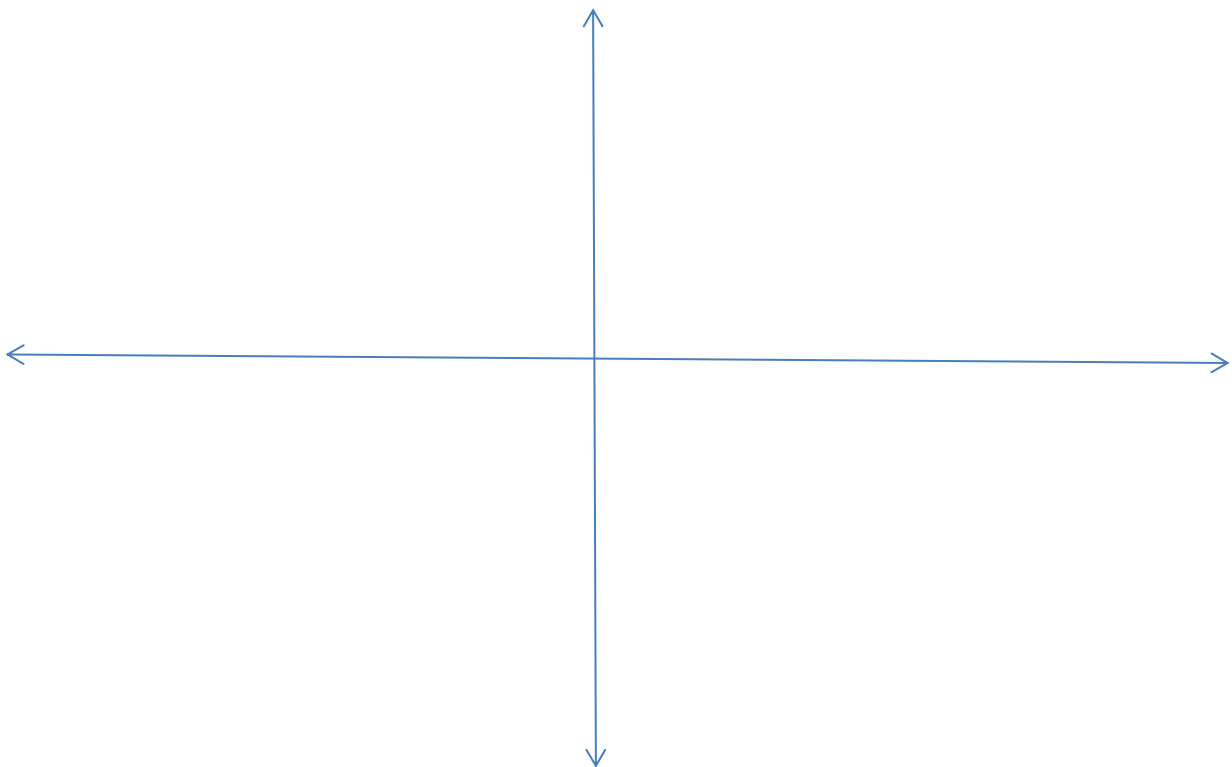
1- Evaluate the limit if it exists,

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{x^2 - |x - 1| - 1}{|x - 1|} \right)$$

2- Sketch the graph of a function f that satisfies all of the following conditions:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -5^-} f(x) = -\infty; \lim_{x \rightarrow -5^+} f(x) = \infty; \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -2; \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = 1;$$

$f(x)$ is undefined at -5 ; and $f(x)$ has a jump discontinuity at 3



(a) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{4a}{x+1} & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 4 & \text{if } x = 1 \\ a^2 & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$, Find the value(s) of a such that $f(x)$ is continuous everywhere.

3- Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that the equation $x^3 - 3x - 1 = 0$ has a solution.

4- Given that $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (-3x - 2) = 1$ and $\epsilon = 0.03$. Find δ (the largest possible) that satisfies the condition given in the $\epsilon - \delta$ definition of a limit.