

Q1. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2-5x+6}{x-3}, & x < 3 \\ \frac{2}{x-1}, & x > 3. \end{cases}$ Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$ if it exists.

Q2. Use the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x}$ to find a number δ such that

$$|\sqrt{1-x} - 1| < 0.1 \text{ when } |x-0| < \delta$$

Q3. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{(x+5)^2}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$

Use other side of paper for the answer

Q1. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{x-1}-1}{x-2}, & x < 2 \\ \frac{2}{6-x}, & x > 2. \end{cases}$ Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$ if it exists.

Q2. Use the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$ to find a number δ such that

$$|\sqrt{x-1}-2| < 0.1 \text{ when } |x-5| < \delta$$

Q3. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-1}{x^2-3x+2}$

Use other side of paper for the answer

Q1. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x}, & x < 0 \\ \frac{2}{x-2}, & x > 0. \end{cases}$ Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ if it exists.

Q2. Prove the statement: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x - 2} = -1$ using ε - δ definition of limit.

Q3. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{x+5}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$

Use other side of paper for the answer

Q1. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} \lceil x \rceil + 1, & x < 1 \\ \frac{x+1}{2}, & x > 1. \end{cases}$ Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ if it exists.

Q2. Prove the statement " $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (5x - 3) = 2$ " using ε - δ definition of limit.

Q3. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{(x-1)^2}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$

Use other side of paper for the answer