

Serial No:

Student No.:

Name:

- 1. SHOW ALL WORK. NO CREDITS FOR ANSWERS NOT SUPPORTED BY WORK.**
2. ALL TYPES OF CALCULATORS ARE NOT ALLOWED.

1. **(15 points)** Solve the system of equations the system:

$$x + 2z = 2$$

$$2y + z = 1$$

$$x - y + z = 2$$

by using either (a) inverse matrix, or (b) Cramer's Rule.

2. **(15 points)** Consider the vectors: $\vec{a} = (1 \ 3 \ 1)$, $\vec{b} = (-1 \ 0 \ -2)$, and $\vec{c} = (2 \ 1 \ 1)$.

a) Determine whether the vectors are linearly dependent or independent.

b) Is it possible to write \vec{a} as a linear combination of \vec{b} and \vec{c} .

c) Write the vector $\vec{v} = (4 \ 4 \ 4)$ as a linear combination of \vec{a} , \vec{b} and \vec{c} .

3. **(15 points)** Find a basis and the dimension of the solution space of the homogeneous system:

$$x_1 - x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 + x_5 = 0$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 - 3x_4 + 2x_5 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 + 2x_4 + x_5 = 0$$

4. **(15 points)** Find the general solution of: $(D^5 + 8D^3 + 16D)y = 0$.

5. **(17 points)** Use the method of undetermined coefficient to find the general solution of the equation: $y'' - 4y' + 3y = 2\cos x + 4\sin x$.

6. **(18 points)** Use the method of variation of parameters to solve the equation:
 $y'' + y = \sec^3 x \tan x.$

7. **(20 points)** Consider the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
- Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenvectors of A .
 - Is the matrix A diagonalizable? If yes, find an invertible matrix P and a diagonal matrix D such that $P^{-1}AP = D$.
 - Find A^5 .