

Serial No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor: M. Z. Abu-Sbeih

Math 102- Q1

Date: 14-3-2009

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**Problem 1: (5 points)** Estimate the area under the graph of  $f(x) = x^3$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  using **four** approximating rectangles and taking the sample point to be the **left endpoint**.

**Problem 2: (4 points)** Write the limit as a definite integral on  $[0, 3\pi]$ :

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{9\pi^2 i}{n^2} \sin\left(1 + \frac{3\pi i}{n}\right)$$

**Problem 3: (4 points)** Evaluate  $\int \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos^2 x} dx$

**Problem 4: (4 points)** If  $f(x) = \int_{\sqrt{x}}^{1-x} t^3 e^t dt$  find  $f'(4)$ .

**Problem 5: (8 points)** Consider the area under the curve  $f(x) = x^2$  from  $x = 2$  to  $x = 3$ .

- a. Write the area as a limit of the Riemann sum.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- b. Write the area as a definite integral and **find it**.

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**Problem 1: (5 points)** Estimate the area under the graph of  $f(x) = x^3$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  using **four** approximating rectangles and taking the sample point to be the **right endpoint**.

**Problem 2: (4 points)** Write the limit as a definite integral on  $[0, 2\pi]$ :

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{4\pi^2 i}{n^2} \sin\left(1 + \frac{2\pi i}{n}\right)$$

**Problem 3: (4 points)** Evaluate  $\int \frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin^2 x} dx$

**Problem 4: (4 points)** If  $f(x) = \int_{1-x}^{\sqrt{x}} t^3 e^t dt$  find  $f'(9)$ .

**Problem 5: (8 points)** Consider the area under the curve  $f(x) = x^2$  from  $x = 1$  to  $x = 2$ .

- Write the area as a limit of the Riemann sum.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- Write the area as a definite integral and **find it**.