

Serial No.: _____ Student Name: _____ Student Number: _____

Instructor: M. Z. Abu-Sbeih

Math 102- Q1A

Date: 13-7-2010

Problem 1: (5 points) Estimate the area under the graph of $f(x) = 4 - x^2$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 2$ using **four** approximating rectangles and taking the sample point to be the **left endpoint**.

Problem 2: (8 points)

(a) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\left(\frac{i}{n} \right)^2 + 2 \right] \left(\frac{4}{n} \right)$$

(b) Write the limit as a definite integral on the interval $[0, 1]$ and evaluate it.

Problem 3: (8 points) Evaluate the integrals

(a) $\int \frac{dx}{1+e^{-x}}$

(b) $\int \frac{x^3 + \ln x}{x} dx$

Problem 4: (4 points) If $f(x) = \int_{x^2}^1 \frac{t \ln t}{t^2 + 1} dt$ find $f'(e)$.

Serial No.: _____ Student Name: _____ Student Number: _____

Instructor: M. Z. Abu-Sbeih

Math 102- Q1B

Date: 13-7-2010

Problem 1: (5 points) Estimate the area under the graph of $f(x) = 4 - x^2$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 2$ using **four** approximating rectangles and taking the sample point to be the **right endpoint**.

Problem 2: (8 points)

(c) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\left(\frac{i}{n} \right)^2 + 1 \right] \left(\frac{4}{n} \right)$$

(d) Write the limit as a definite integral on the interval $[0,1]$ and evaluate it.

Problem 3: (8 points) Evaluate the integrals

(c) $\int \frac{dx}{e^x + e^{-x}}$

(d) $\int \frac{x + \ln x}{x \ln x} dx$

Problem 4: (4 points) If $f(x) = \int_{x^2}^1 \frac{t \sin t}{t^2 + 1} dt$ find $f'(0)$.