

1) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3e^x}{2e^x - x}$ . Find  $f'(0)$ .

2) Find the normal line to the curve  $f(x) = e^x(x-1)(x^2+1)$  at  $x=1$

3) Find  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^{3/2} - 8}{8 - 2x}$ .

Solution

1)  $f'(x) = \frac{(2x + 3e^x)(2e^x - x) - (x^2 + 3e^x)(2e^x - 1)}{(2e^x - x)^2}$ . Therefore:

$$f'(0) = \frac{6 - 3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

2)  $f'(x) = e^x(x-1)(x^2+1) + e^x(x^2+1) + e^x(x-1)2x$ . Thus:

$f'(1) = 2e$ . The slope of the normal line is  $\frac{-1}{2e}$ .  
An equation of the normal line at  $x=1$  is:

$$y = \frac{-1}{2e}(x-1) + \underbrace{f(1)}_0 = \frac{1-x}{2e}$$

3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^{3/2} - 8}{8 - 2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} -\frac{1}{2} \frac{x^{3/2} - 8}{x - 4} = -\frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^{3/2} - 4^{3/2}}{x - 4}$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left. \frac{d}{dx} x^{3/2} \right|_{x=4} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left. \frac{3}{2} x^{1/2} \right|_{x=4}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot 4^{1/2} = -\frac{3}{2}$$