

King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals
Department of Mathematics and Statistics
MATH 535 [Functional Analysis I]
Semester (141)

Exam II: December 01, 2014

Time allowed: 2hrs:

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(Q1) (a) Let X be a complex vector space and p a real-valued functional on X such that

$$p(x + y) \leq p(x) + p(y)$$

and $p(\alpha x) = |\alpha|p(x)$ where $x, y \in X$ and α is a scalar.

If f is a linear functional on a subspace Z of X satisfying $|f(x)| \leq p(x)$ for all $x \in Z$, then prove that f has a linear extension \tilde{f} from Z to X such that $|\tilde{f}(x)| \leq p(x)$ for all $x \in X$.

(b) For every x in a normed space X , show that

$$\|x\| = \sup_{0 \neq f \in X^*} \frac{|f(x)|}{\|f\|}.$$

(Q2) (a) Let $\{T_n\}$ be a sequence of bounded linear transformations from a Banach space X into a normed space Y such that $\|T_n x\|$ is bounded for every $x \in X$. Then the sequence $\{T_n\}$ is bounded. Show by means of an example that this principle is not valid if X is a normed space.

(b) Prove that a closed linear mapping of a Banach space X into a Banach space Y is continuous (**State needed results—do not prove them**).

(Q3) (a) Use open mapping theorem to show that a one-to-one continuous linear map of a Banach space X onto a Banach space Y over the same field is a linear homeomorphism.

(b) Verify that for x, y in an inner product space $(X, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle)$,
 $\sqrt{\langle x + y, x + y \rangle} \leq \sqrt{\langle x, x \rangle} + \sqrt{\langle y, y \rangle}$.
Under what conditions the equality in it takes place?

(Q4) (a) Show that for x, y, z in an inner product space X ,

$$\|z - x\|^2 + \|z - y\|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \|x - y\|^2 + 2 \left\| z - \frac{x + y}{2} \right\|^2.$$

(b) Explain why the space $C[a, b]$ under its usual form is not an inner product space.