

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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1) (4 pts) Use Riemann sum to write the integral  $\int_{-1}^0 [(x+1)^3 + (x+1)^2] dx$  as limit of sums. Evaluate this limit.

2) (6 pts) Evaluate the integrals

$A = \int x^7 \sqrt{x^4+1} dx$  ;  $B = \int_1^2 (x^2-1)(x-1)^{29} dx$  ;  $C = \int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

1)  $\int_{-1}^0 [(x+1)^3 + (x+1)^2] dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x [(x_i^*)^3 + (x_i^*)^2]$

$\Delta x = \frac{1}{n}$

$x_i^* = -1 + \frac{i}{n}$

$\Rightarrow \int_{-1}^0 [(x+1)^3 + (x+1)^2] dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[ \frac{3}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^2} \right] \right]$   
 $= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{n} \left( \frac{1}{n^3} \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} + \frac{1}{n^2} \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right) \right]$

$= \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{7}{12}$

$B = \int_1^2 (x^2-1)(x-1)^{29} dx$

$u = x-1, du = dx$   
 $x = u+1$

$\Rightarrow B = \int_0^1 (u+2) u^{30} du$   
 $= \int_0^1 (u^{31} + 2u^{30}) du$   
 $= \left[ \frac{u^{32}}{32} + \frac{2u^{31}}{31} \right]_0^1$

$B = \frac{1}{32} + \frac{2}{31}$

2)  $A = \int x^7 \sqrt{x^4+1} dx$

$u = x^4+1, du = 4x^3 dx$   
 $x^4 = u-1$

$\Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{4} \int (u-1) \sqrt{u} du$

$= \frac{1}{4} \int (u^{3/2} - u^{1/2}) du$

$= \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{2}{5} u^{5/2} - \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + C \right)$

$A = \frac{1}{10} (x^4+1)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{6} (x^4+1)^{3/2} + C$

$C = \int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

$u = \sqrt{x}, du = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx$

$C = \int 2e^u du$

$= 2e^u + C$

$C = 2e^{\sqrt{x}} + C$