
Q1. Use limits to find the slope of the tangent line to $f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{x-2}$ at $x=1$, then find an equation of this tangent line.



Q2. For $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-4)^-} \sqrt{-x} = 2$, find the largest value of δ corresponds to $\varepsilon = 1$



Q1. Find a , and b such that $f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{if } x = 2 \\ ax^2 - bx & \text{if } 2 < x < 3 \\ x - 1 - a + b & \text{if } 3 \leq x \leq 5 \end{cases}$ satisfies the hypotheses (condition(s))

of the intermediate value theorem on $[2, 5]$.



Q2. Find the horizontal asymptote of $f(x) = x - \ln(2e^x + 1)$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

