

Full Name:

ID:

Q1. Given that $\int_1^3 f(3x + 1) dx = 9$ and $\int_2^5 f(2x) dx = 8$. Find $\int_2^4 f(x) dx$

Q2. Estimate the area under the graph of $f(x) = x - \ln x^2$ for $1 \leq x \leq 7$, using three rectangles and taking the sample points to be the midpoints.

Q3. Evaluate

$$a) \int_0^5 f(x) dx \quad \text{where } f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ -\sqrt{4-(x-3)^2} & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq 5 \end{cases}$$

$$b) \int_{-3}^3 (x \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x) dx \quad c) \int \tan^2 x dx \quad d) \int \sqrt{\frac{5x-1}{x^5}} dx$$

Q4. If $f(x) = \int_0^{\sin x} \sqrt{1+t^2} dt$ and $g(y) = \int_3^y f(x) dx$, then find $g''(\pi/6)$.

Q5. The velocity function for a particle moving along a line is $v(t) = t^2 - 2t - 8$ (m/s). Find the distance traveled by the particle during the time interval $[1, 6]$.

Q6. Determine a region whose area is equal to $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{4\pi}{n} \tan \left(1 + \left(\frac{k\pi}{4n} \right)^2 \right)$.