

KFUPM – Math 132– Test 1

Name : ID #.....Serial #:

Question 1: Find the following limits

• $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^2 + 5x + 7}{(9x - 7)^4 + 1}$

• $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{2x^2 - 8}{x^2 + 6x + 8}$

• $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - 1}{x(\sqrt{x} - 1)}$

• $\lim_{t \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{e^t}{3 - t}$

• $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^7 - 4x^3 + 20x + 9}{4x^7 - 9x^2 + 25x}$

Question 2: Find the values of A and B that make the following function continuous everywhere.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Ax + 5 & : x < 1 \\ B & : x = 1 \\ |2 - 3x| & : x > 1 \end{cases}$$

Question 3: Find where the function is continuous.

$$f(x) = \frac{\sin x + 2x^3 - 1}{x(x - 1)(x - \pi)}$$

Question 4: Use the graph of $y = f(x)$ to find the following.

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$
- Where is the function continuous?
- Determine the points and types of discontinuities.

Question 4: Find the first derivatives of the following functions.

- $f(x) = 3^x - 2e^x + \ln x + \pi^3$.

- $h(x) = \frac{5x^2 \cos x}{3x^7 - \pi}$

- $g(x) = (\sqrt{x} + 3 \tan 2x)^5$.

Question 5: An object moving along a straight line has the position function $S(t) = t^3 - 9t^2 + 24t$.

a) Find when is the object at rest.

b) Find the acceleration of the object at $t = 3$.